

The Wheeling Intelligencer.

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WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1895.

VOLUME XLIV--NUMBER 39.

TO IMPROVE THE OHIO.

The Convention in Session at Cincinnati a Great Success.

LARGE DELEGATIONS ARE PRESENT

Representing all the River Points from Pittsburgh to Cairo.

THE OBJECT OF THE GATHERING

Is to Form an Organization That Will Provide for Intelligent and Persistent Pressure on Congress--West Virginia's Representatives Attract Attention--Captain Batchelor's Recommendation to Wheeling--A Dam at the Head of the Island, Which Could be Built for Five Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 8.—The Ohio river improvement convention is a success beyond all expectations. The river communities from Pittsburgh to Cairo have come out strong in numbers, and are represented by strong men, several of them members of the new Congress, who are here to pledge their cordial support to the movement to improve the great waterway. West Virginia attracts attention with a numerous delegation, including Congressmen Doyener and Miller.

WEST VIRGINIA DELEGATES.

The Wheeling chamber of commerce is represented by Hon. N. B. Scott, Capt. B. B. Doyener, A. A. Franzheim and Charles Burdett Hart. J. W. Gallagher represents Moundsville. The other delegates are as follows: Parkersburg—Col. W. N. Chancellor, S. P. Wells, R. E. Horner, Joseph Good, J. H. Shaw, E. R. Cooper, J. Shrewsbury, Simms Powell, K. H. Thomas, Mayor S. F. Shaw, J. L. Cramm, M. A. Kendall, E. M. Gillespie, S. T. Gould. Point Pleasant, W. Va.—Hon. Warren Miller, Hon. E. S. Hogg, Hon. J. S. Spencer, Gen. C. P. Offenbarger, Hon. H. G. Nease, Hon. G. W. Tippet, Col. Thomas Munford, Capt. S. L. Parsons, Capt. William Wright, Capt. E. A. Burnside, Capt. W. W. Cole, Capt. John Thornburg, Capt. Joseph Barker, Capt. E. S. Bright, Capt. W. D. Holmes, R. F. Morris, H. Kerwood, N. Bloom, H. S. Bailey, Frank Filson, S. W. Swisher, John Wheaton, William Graham, John G. Stortz, John Whiteley, A. Edwards, Capt. John Charles, Robert Armstrong, H. H. Davis.

Huntington—Dr. C. R. Enslow, Mayor; H. S. Harvey, president of the chamber of commerce; T. S. Scanlon, secretary of the chamber of commerce; Charles H. Watts, A. G. Blacker, Hon. T. H. Harvey, judge of the circuit court; J. L. Caldwell, P. E. Abbott.

Charleston—J. E. Dana, J. B. Hague, J. B. Lewis, R. B. Cassady, Enoch Carver, Evan Powell, A. W. Watrow, A. M. Woodridge, Austin Smith.

TO WORK ON CONGRESS.

The earnestness of the delegates equals their numbers. They are here for but one thing, and they are attending strictly to that business. The form of organization will provide for intelligent and persistent pressure on Congress in the hope of making a good beginning this winter.

In conversation with Capt. C. W. Batchelor, of Pittsburgh, he developed a thought that is worth something to Wheeling. His idea is that the improvement of the river will be advanced best by each community laying hold vigorously of that which comes nearest to it and all pulling together. For Wheeling he recommended strongly an effort to secure a lock and dam at the end of the island. This would carry us above the Sisters islands, and practically give us a lake between the two points. Captain Batchelor thinks that with the improved methods of construction this work could be done for about \$500,000.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Over 300 delegates assembled at the convention. After the temporary organization, addresses of welcome and responses, the permanent organization was completed as follows:

President, John L. Vance, Gallipolis. Secretary, R. P. Wilson, Cincinnati. Vice presidents—John V. Dravo, Pittsburgh; W. A. MacCorkle, governor of West Virginia; Parie C. Brown, Cincinnati; Louis Hite, Louisville; J. J. Inghel, Madison, Ind.; W. P. Halliday, Cairo, Ill.; Ralph Leete, Ironton, Ohio. Committee on resolutions—C. W. Batchelor, Pittsburgh; Charles Muhlenbaum, Hannibal, Ohio; S. W. Shaw, Parkersburg, W. Va.; J. E. Dana, Charleston, W. Va.; H. F. Thompson, Portsmouth; J. C. Hopkins, Cateletsburg, Ky.; R. R. Rea, Madison, Ind.; John Gilbert, Evansville, Ind.; A. P. Speed, Louisville; W. P. Halliday, Cairo, Ill.; R. W. Wise, Cincinnati; John S. Shaw, Pittsburgh; A. A. Franzheim, Wheeling; John W. Bryant, New Orleans; John F. Dravo, Pittsburgh.

NEXT CONVENTION AT PITTSBURGH.

It was decided to hold the next convention at Pittsburgh, date to be fixed by the executive board.

Addresses were made by President Vance, Charles Burdett Hart, of the Wheeling Intelligencer; Congressman Brownell, of Wyoming; Doyener, of Wheeling; Berry, of Newport, and Evans, of Louisville; United States Senator Amos Stickney, Dr. J. W. Pennington, Marmaduke Howden, president of the Commercial Club at Louisville; J. F. Dravo, Pittsburgh; R. C. Dawes, Marietta, and others.

Greeting was sent the National Waterway Convention at Vicksburg, October 22. Resolutions were adopted to make the Monongahela free from toll, and the improvement of the Ohio river and its navigable tributaries. The constitution of the Ohio River Improvement Association will be considered to-morrow.

To be settled by the Court.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 8.—The question as to how many candidates for judges of the supreme court each qualified voter is entitled to vote for at the coming election will be submitted to the supreme court for decision.

GEN. MAHONEY'S DEATH.

He Passes Away Peacefully—There will be no Public Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—General Mahoney died at 1 o'clock this afternoon. He came peacefully and almost imperceptibly. The dying man had lain unconscious ever since last Sunday morning, taking no nourishment and showing no sign of life beyond faint respiration. The doctors said yesterday that death was surely approaching, and at 10 o'clock this morning they told the family that death would come within two hours, although it proved that the vital spark lasted an hour beyond that period.

All the members of the family were about the bedside when the end came, including Mrs. Mahoney, the two sons, Butler and William Mahoney, Jr., Mrs. McGill, a daughter, Mr. L. L. Maury, of Virginia, a nephew, and Capt. Rogers, an old friend of the general and present chairman of the Virginia Republican committee. The watchers had been at the bedside continuously for many hours and were propped.

There will be no public funeral at Washington, as, in accordance with the wishes of the widow, the remains will be borne quietly to the general's old home at Petersburg, Va., where the service and interment will occur. The departure from here will be made at 4:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, arriving at Petersburg at 10:50 o'clock to-morrow morning. The services will be held at St. Paul's Episcopal church. The active pallbearers will be members of Gen. Mahoney's old command, famous as "Mahoney's brigade," the one which held the "Crater." The honorary pallbearers will be selected from officers of the same brigade. The Confederate veterans' union tendered their services as a military escort to the body, but it was the family's wish to avoid any display.

Gen. Mahoney had passed the most of his time in recent years in this city, living at Chamberlain's, where he frequently consulted with the Republican leaders from his native state.

He was formerly quite wealthy, but it is understood that he lost the larger part of his money and probably left but a small estate.

A VERITABLE LANDSLIDE.

The Democrats of Indianapolis Elect their Entire Ticket—Republican Waterloo.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 8.—The municipal election in this city to-day was a Democratic landslide. The entire Democratic ticket is elected by a majority approaching 5,000. This is remarkable in view of the fact that Caleb S. Denny, Republican, was elected mayor two years ago by a majority of over 3,000.

At eleven o'clock to-night the returns are in from 120 of the 129 precincts, showing a gain of over 4,000. During the evening the Republican committee and all the candidates conceded the election of the Democratic ticket by an unprecedented large majority. Those elected are: Thomas Tazart, mayor; Charles E. Cox, police judge; Charles Stuckmeyer, city clerk.

Six councilmen at large are elected, and at this time the Democrats claim seven of the fifteen ward councilmen, giving the latter thirteen out of twenty-one councilmen. There is much noise and enthusiasm in the city to-night.

BAR IRON MANUFACTURERS

Hold a Meeting for the Purpose of Uniting Eastern and Western Associations.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 8.—An important meeting of bar iron manufacturers was held here to-day for the purpose of uniting the eastern and western associations into one with national scope, that prices, differentials, and output may be regulated for the benefit of all.

About forty-five representatives of firms from all parts of the country were present. A. R. Whitney, of the Portage Iron Company, presided, with J. S. Elverson, secretary of the Eastern Association, and George M. Clark, of Cincinnati, of the Western Association, as secretaries.

A form of organization was adopted, and it will be submitted to the manufacturers of the country for consideration. If ninety per cent of the firms agree to it, the new association will be a go. Another meeting will be held December 3.

AFTER YEARS OF SILENCE

Ex-Minister West Explains Why President Cleveland Sent Him His Passports.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—A special cablegram to the World from London says: It will be remembered that President Cleveland almost on the eve of the election of 1888 sent Sir Lionel Sackville West, British minister at Washington, his passports because of a letter written by him to an alleged Englishman in California, commenting upon the approaching election.

And now Lord Sackville publishes a defense and explanation seven years after that incident.

But the unprecedented part of it, and the part which has aroused very excited comment, is, first, the freedom of his strictures upon the American people and American public men; and, second, his own expressed indignation that the British ministry should have accepted Mr. Bayard as ambassador to this country, while, as secretary of state of the United States, Mr. Bayard had wantonly insulted in person its accredited representative.

The pamphlet consists of fifty-two pages, 15,000 words, and is of very limited issue, not more than 100 copies. These have been sent under seal only to leading foreign diplomats, the higher English officials and a few personal friends.

Three Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.—At 1:20 a. m.—A four story tenement house burned on Sixth and Smith streets. Seven inmates have been taken out just now badly burned.

The dead taken out were: Mrs. Davis, and her young daughter, Rachel, and Mrs. Thoresen Lang.

Liberty Bell at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 8.—Never before was such homage paid to the old Liberty bell, or for that matter, to any relic of any character in this country, as was bestowed on the revolutionary treasure, which arrived here to-day. Fifty thousand people lined the railroad tracks from the city limits to the Union station.

WHAT CUBANS NEED.

Only Arms and Ammunition Necessary for their Triumph.

THE ARMY IS BEING REORGANIZED.

Hundreds of Young Men Flocking to the Standard of the Revolutionists who Cannot be Armed—Want the United States to Recognize Them, or at Least Allow the Shipment of Arms from this Country. Interesting Precedent for Recognition Found in the Archives of the State Department.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—General Joseph Rodriguez, of the Cuban army, in a letter to President Palma, of the Junta, repeats the declaration that the revolutionists need only arms and ammunition to assure the triumph of their cause, and earnestly plead that the United States give them aid.

Rodriguez, who is chief of staff for General Roloff, says: "We are completing the reorganization of the main body of our army in Los Villas. We have divided it into two divisions—one division under General Soriano Sanchez, the other under General Suarez. Each division is formed of two brigades, which are again subdivided, one into two columns of infantry and one of cavalry and the other in one of cavalry and two of infantry."

"Every day hundreds of young men from towns and villages flock to our ranks, but unfortunately we have no arms or ammunition for them, and though full of zeal and patriotism, they are unable to aid our cause."

"We want arms and ammunition badly and we hope that the United States will not forget the shipping of arms as merchandise from its ports."

"Had we arms and ammunition before me the war would not last very long, and in a short time Cuba would achieve her independence. It is only a question of time in any case. Triumph is assured, but that triumph would dawn all the sooner if arms could be sent to us from the United States with the full permission of its government."

"Why should the United States restrict our movements, or detain the hour of our freedom? The quicker the realization of our liberties, the greater our advantage to the United States. Commercial intercourse between a free Cuba and the United States would be greatly augmented. Now it is narrowed by the selfishness of Spain."

"Apart from sympathetic reasons, the business aspect of the question should appeal most strongly to the government of the United States for recognition and satisfaction."

"Let the United States permit our friends under its flag, to ship us arms and ammunition and before you realize it, there will be another free republic in America."

CUBA'S CAUSE.

An Interesting Precedent Found for Recognition by the United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Gonzales de Quesada, secretary of the Cuban revolutionary party, with headquarters in New York, has been in Washington recently on private business. He did not see Secretary Olney, nor were any steps taken toward securing the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Mr. Quesada had come on to attend the trial of the Cuban filibusters at Wilmington and extended his trip to Washington to see friends.

The policy of the Cubans in seeking recognition of the United States has been outlined substantially as follows: No application will be made to the executive branch of the government until Congress assembles. It is the feeling that even if the executive authorities were disposed to recognize the Cubans, the action would involve such grave responsibility that the executive branch would desire to have the co-operation and support of the Congress. Care will be taken also to see that there is uniformity in the steps proposed to Congress. In this way the mistakes made at the time of the last Cuban uprising will be avoided. At that time there were no less than forty different Cuban resolutions referred to the house committee on foreign affairs, proposing recognition, arbitration and many other plans, all intended to favor Cuba. In the end this diversity of proposals prevented an agreement on any one course.

In connection with the probable presentation of the subject to Congress and the executive branch, an interesting precedent has been found in the archives of the state department. It involves the recognition by President Monroe of the South and Central American republics when they broke away from Spain. The Spanish minister at Washington made the most urgent protest, to which John Quincy Adams, secretary of state, replied, stating the policy of this government in giving recognition. The propositions then advanced by Spain and the replies made by the United States are said to be exactly parallel in the statements of facts to the status of the Cuban affair to-day.

A TERRIBLE RIOT

Which Resulted in the Death of a Woman From Fight.

GROVE CITY, Pa., Oct. 8.—A riot among the miners at Chestnut Ridge last night has caused great excitement here. One woman is dead and one of the miners is in the lockup in a critical condition.

Ned Phillips, a disreputable character, went to Chestnut Ridge and got together his followers and proceeded to the house of Aba Stone, a miner, with whom Phillips was on bad terms. When Phillips was refused the crowd, they began breaking the windows. Stone fired his revolver into the crowd, and by this time his friends had come to his assistance. A general fight took place inside the house, and the fight was to the death. Knives, revolvers, clubs and gas pipes were used as weapons. The house was wrecked, the floor was literally covered with blood, every window was broken and the furniture completely demolished.

Every man in the party is pretty well battered up, Stone and Phillips suffering the worst. Stone will probably re-

cover, but Phillips cannot live. His head was cut and bruised badly and one of his eyes was protruding from its socket. He is also cut and bruised about the body.

Mrs. William Smith, who lives just across the street, was literally scared to death. She saw Phillips being pounded over the head with a club, and without a word she fell over dead. Leaders of the rioters have been arrested.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION

The House of Deputies Against Altering Reports of Constitutional Revision.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 8.—In the house of bishops of the Episcopal convention to-day, a favorable committee report was made on the proposals for the division of the dioceses of Maryland, Kentucky and California. A resolution separating the missionary jurisdiction of Wyoming and Idaho into two jurisdictions was referred.

A committee was named to report suitable action on the Armenian atrocities. The house of deputies to-day decided by 55 to 37 in favor of the term "bishop coadjutors" instead of "assistant bishops."

The reluctance of the house of deputies to alter the report of the constitutional revision committee appeared again to-day when the two committees reported against the proposed amendment. One advised against nullifying the word "constitution" all through the documents, and the other disapproved of the proposal to give dioceses under certain conditions in part of their territory and erect therein missionary jurisdictions.

Two messages were received from the house of bishops. The first recommended the use of the word constitution plural in the title of the revised documents. This was concurred in, 83 to 13, with 7 divided. The second message took up subsequent sections. The recommendation that the word convention be retained instead of the proposed synod, was negatived by the deputies.

In the house of bishops, the joint committee of five bishops and five proctors appointed at the last convention to report upon such changes in the revised version of the Bible as might be recommended for adoption, reported that the convention labored under a misapprehension as to similar work having been undertaken in England, and was discharged at its own request.

It was decided, however, with the concurrence of the deputies to name another commission to undertake the work independently of the church of England. Constitutional revision will be then taken up.

The house of deputies held a warm debate over the question of adopting the term primate as the title of the senior members of the house of bishops. A message had been received from the house of bishops announcing that it had adopted section two of article one of the revised constitution, with the word "primate," and the question being on the matter of concurring with the house of bishops, George C. Thomas, of Philadelphia, offered an amendment changing the word primate to presiding bishop. This was what started the debate, and before it was over most of the leaders had participated in it, with all the earnestness and eloquence for which they are famous.

It was the most interesting meeting the deputies had held and the interest in the final vote was intense. The Thomas amendment was lost, receiving 152 votes, while the opposition mustered 162 votes.

The committee on location of the next convention reported in favor of Boston, Mass.

THE DURRANT TRIAL.

One Witness for the Defense Gives Very Disappointing Testimony.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 8.—After wandering through a mass of unimportant witnesses, the defense in the Durrant case this afternoon summoned to the stand two of the most important witnesses that have been called since the prosecution closed its case. One of the witnesses materially aided the defense, from the fact that upon cross-examination he failed to give important testimony expected by the prosecution. The examination of the other witness had only just begun when the court took a recess until to-morrow morning, but in the short time the witness was on the stand he testified to one important fact, which was directly opposed to what the defense had hoped to establish.

The most important witness of the day was Charles T. Lenahan, the young man whom the defense contends was mistaken for Durrant by pawnbroker Oppenheim. Lenahan, who does not bear a striking resemblance to the prisoner, said on April 3 he attempted to pawn a small diamond ring, similar to the worn by Blanche Lamont, at Oppenheim's shop. The witness said that he asked Oppenheim the same questions and received the same answers that Oppenheim quoted in relating the conversation he had with the young man whom Oppenheim testified was Durrant.

Then came the surprises to the defense, which contradicted nearly all the strength gained from the witness' testimony. Lenahan said he tried to pawn the ring in the afternoon, while Oppenheim testified that Durrant entered his shop in the morning. Attorney Durrant was considerably disconcerted by this from the witness, and endeavored to impeach Lenahan's testimony by reading a letter written by Lenahan to the attorney for the defense, in which he divulged the fact that he had tried to pawn a small diamond ring at Oppenheim's on the same day Durrant was said to have entered the place. The court interrupted Durrant, however, and refused to let him read only such parts of the letter as referred to the question in issue. Durrant then asked that the letter be admitted in evidence, and at the close of the struggle over this move court adjourned for the day.

Six Injured in an Explosion.

Dover, N. J., Oct. 8.—There was a serious boiler explosion at the Wharton iron mine at Hibernia, this morning. Six men were injured, but none of them fatally.

The injured are: Melton Smith, engineer, scalded badly; Philip Fesburg, fireman, scalded; John Clark, workman, scalded and injured by debris; William Kelly, miner, scalded and cut by debris; John Malone, miner, injured about the body; Michael Ryan, injured by falling debris.

The explosion, which occurred in engine house No. 3, shook the little mining village. In addition to tearing the house to pieces, it did a great deal of damage to other buildings in the vicinity.

K. OF P. GRAND LODGE

Royally Welcomed at Fairmont—Resplendent Uniforms and Handsome Decorations.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Oct. 8.—We have met the enemy and we are theirs, for the Knights of Pythias have come en masse and taken peaceable possession. Every train yesterday brought detachments and last night and the special trains this morning added to the large crowd Fairmont has ever had the pleasure of entertaining. Most of the lodges in the state are represented, and many of the larger towns have battalions of uniformed ranks, which with their showy uniforms and manly bearing present a spirited appearance.

This morning at nine o'clock the grand lodge convened in the auditorium of the state normal school, where addresses of welcome were made by Mayor Thomas A. Fleming and F. T. Martin, which were responded to by Cyrus W. Hall, grand chancellor of West Virginia, after which the grand lodge was opened. The parade at four o'clock was very large, and the attractive uniforms of the divisions from Parkersburg, Grafton, Charleston, Morgantown, Ravenswood, Clarksburg, Mannington, Buckhannon, Wheeling, Connellyville and this city and other points, with their various evolutions created great enthusiasm along the line of march.

The following bands were interspersed throughout the parade: Rutters' band, of Uniontown, Pa., with twenty-four pieces, Fairmont, Farmington, Morgantown and Clarksburg. After the parade was over, the different divisions marched through the streets executing some very difficult movements to the evident delight of the crowd.

At half past eight o'clock Parkersburg division, under the command of Capt. S. B. Baker, executed the "Imp" drill which evoked so many compliments at the meeting of the grand lodge in Washington. This is a special feature of that crack organization, and has to be seen to be appreciated.

Never in the history of the town have the decorations been as elaborate and grand as the present occasion, and all have added in decoration to the customary flags and bunting some special design. The double arch at the intersection of Main and Jefferson streets was the handsomest, being outlined at night by different colored electric lights.

The interest to-morrow centers in the prize drill for the handsome sword offered by the lodge of Marion county for the best drilled company.

TWO CUTTING AFFAIRS

In Ritchie County, Resulting in the Death of One and Fatal Wounding of Two Others.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, Oct. 8.—News has just reached this city of two horrible cutting affairs near Petroleum, resulting in immediate death to one of the participants, while two others were in a dying condition, and are probably dead by this time.

Saturday morning two men, named Thomas and Twiford, residing at Rutherford, quarreled while coming home from a dance near there, and finally came together in mortal combat. Both men had knives, and during the fight each succeeded in carving the other to a deadly extent.

Thomas, it is reported, died soon after, while Twiford was not expected to survive his horrible wounds, he being cut almost into mince-meat.

At Risk, near Petroleum, Saturday morning, a young man, named Charles Kane, was walking on his father's farm, when his cousin, also named Kane, came up to where he was, jumping over the fence and walking up to young Charles, and said in a threatening manner that he was going to kill him. Charles Kane, who is sickly and of a weak physique, sprang up and prepared to defend himself. He had only a pocket knife, but he used it with deadly effect, cutting his assailant through the abdomen, inflicting a terrible gash, disemboweling him and cutting his liver loose. The injured Kane was still alive when last heard from, but palpably cannot recover.

Charles Kane has been placed under arrest.

Barns Burned.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HARRISVILLE, Oct. 8.—Mr. "Cin" Moats, who lives on Indian Creek, about seven miles from this place, has met with a big loss. His barn, with a lot of wheat, oats, farming implements, together with five stacks of hay, were burned by an incendiary. Just one year ago, Mr. Moats had two large stacks of wheat burned. Frank Ayres has lost his barn by fire. He lives on Indian Creek, next to Mr. Moats. Ayres lost nothing, however, but his barn.

Discharged and Re-arrested.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 8.—The preliminary examination of Officer George Anderson, for the fatal shooting of John Burns last Saturday night, was completed late this evening, and the policeman was dismissed. Half an hour later he was re-arrested upon a warrant from another court, charging him with murder, and a hearing will be held to-morrow.

Special Session of United States Court.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, Oct. 8.—Judge J. J. Jackson, of the United States court, has issued an order for a special session of court to be held in this city, commencing on the 15th inst. The now famous land suits of H. C. King, of Boston, against many others will come up for final settlement in this court.

Boy Victim of a Snake Up.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STURTEVILLE, O., Oct. 8.—This morning George Barkhurst and Harry Scott, two boys, were arraigned in the common pleas court before Judge Mansfield for burglary and larceny to which they plead guilty, and were sentenced each to eighteen months in the penitentiary.

May Suffer Hardship.

OMAHA, NEB., Oct. 8.—Federal Judge Shiras, sitting at Lincoln, has dissolved the injunction to restrain Captain Beck, the Indian agent on the Winnebago reservation, from using his police to arrest settlers who refused to leave a direct from him. The court has issued a mandatory injunction, which is practically an eviction of about 250 sub-lessees. The court sustains the agent. The lands are covered with corn, a heavy crop having been raised, and the lessees may suffer hardship.

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

Ships of the Powers Ready to Protect Foreign Residents

FROM THE TREACHERY OF TURKS.

The Armenians who Have Sought Refuge in the Patriarchate will not Return to Their Homes, Because They Have no Confidence in the Promises of Protection Made by the Turkish Government—Torpedoes Being Shipped to the Dardanelles.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 7, Via Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 8.—The guard ships of the various powers are moored at Gallata in order to be in a position to render aid to the foreign residents in case it is needed.

A council of ministers has been held at the palace in order to consider the terms of the note submitted to the porte by the envoys of the six powers. There has been no further disturbances of a serious nature here. The Armenian shops at Stamboul and Gallata are closed.

Later in the day, however, the patrols of this city were strengthened by additional forces of infantry and cavalry.

The sultan has twice sent Artin Pasha to the patriarchate in order to co-operate with the patriarch in the latter's efforts to induce the Armenians who have sought refuge in the churches to return to their homes. All efforts in this direction, however, have proved futile, the Armenians declaring that they have no confidence in the promises of protection made by the Turkish government.

In all ninety-five bodies have been delivered to officials of the patriarchate by order of the sultan, and it is claimed that they represent all the Armenians killed during the recent rioting. Foad Pasha has gone to the Dardanelles in order to inspect the torpedoes there, and a number of torpedoes have been forwarded to the straits.

Outbreaks in Armenia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 8.—It is reported that serious disturbances between the Armenians and the Turks have broken out at Siwas, Man and Bitlis, three of the leading cities of Armenia.

Demand of the Powers.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—The Eclair this morning declares that the powers have decided to summon the porte to submit categorically to the reforms demanded by the administration of Armenia.

FRANCE SUCCESSFUL

In Subduing Madagascar After Ten Years of Stubborn Conflict.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—A dispatch received here from Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, late this morning, announces the capture of Antananarivo, capital of the Island of Madagascar, by the French troops and caused great relief to the government, as it has been recognized for some time past that the defeat of the French troops meant a change of ministry. The news quickly spread throughout the city, causing great excitement and much rejoicing.

France and Madagascar have been at loggerheads for more than ten years, chiefly over the right of the government of Madagascar to act independently of the French resident consul in granting exequaturs to foreign consular agents and consuls.

The expedition, which was planned by General Borel de Moudoux, left France in January under command of General Dechesne. The insubility of the climate has proved a more dangerous foe to the invaders than the natives, and the capture of the Malagasy capital has been accomplished at great cost of life and health.

ANOTHER FINIC BATTLE.

Farragher and "Paddy" Smith to Box in the Metropolitan Arena.

Paddy Smith, the San Francisco lightweight, has been matched to meet Mike Farragher, of Youngstown, O., before the Metropolitan Club, of Wheeling, on November 7, for \$1,000. Smith agrees to knock the Youngstown boy out in twenty rounds or forfeit all the money.

Further Deponent Sayeth Not.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 8.—Hos. W. H. Hahn, secretary of the Republican national committee, replying to-day, to citizens of Pittsburgh, who desire the national Republican convention, said: "If Cleveland or Cincinnati apply, I shall favor holding the convention in my own state."

Further than this he would not commit himself. The letters show that Pittsburgh has a strong organization and it is backed by Senator Quay. Mr. Hahn thinks the committee will meet some time this month.

TELEGRAPHIC BRI